## Vascular Plants of Williamson County *Physaria gordonii* – POPWEED, GORDON'S BLADDERPOD, BEADPOD [Brassicaceae]

Physaria gordonii (A. Gray) O'Kane & Al-Shehbaz, POPWEED, GORDON'S BLADDERPOD, BEADPOD. Annual, taprooted, rosetted, 1-several-stemmed at base, erect (1-stemmed) to ascending or decumbent, in range < 30 cm tall; shoots with basal leaves and cauline leaves, green surface with appressed stellate hairs seastarlike with 4–7 arms arising from the center (not fused) and center domelike, the arms often 2-forked with minute projections (tuberculate). Stems:  $\pm$  cylindric, to 1.5 mm diameter, tough and wiry, internodes < leaves, green. Leaves: helically alternate, simple, petiolate and subsessile, without stipules; petiole  $\pm$  hemicylindric, 11–15 mm long (basal leaves) and = blade, decreasing upward, with scattered appressed stellate hairs; blade obovate to elliptic,  $(7-)11-24 \times$ (2–)4–8.5 mm, tapered to long-tapered at base (not clasping), entire to low-dentate or having remote teeth on margins, acute at tip, pinnately veined with midrib sunken on upper surface and principal veins  $\pm$  raised on lower surface, stellate hairs uniformly distributed. **Inflorescence:** raceme, terminal, 15+-flowered, = upper 1/2 of plant, without bracts, with appressed stellate hairs on exposed green tissues; peduncle stemlike, cylindric, to 15 mm long; rachis cylindric, in fruit < 120 mm long; pedicel cylindric, at anthesis  $8-10 \times 0.5$  mm and not hooked aging  $2 \times$  and sigmoid with hook upward just below fruit or remaining straight and not increasing much. Flower: bisexual,  $\pm$  radial, (6–)10–12 mm across; buds often nodding; sepals 4, ascending, oblanceolate or oblong to narrowly elliptic,  $4.5-5.5 \times$ 1.1–1.4 mm, faintly 3-veined at base, minutely hoodlike at tip, narrowly membranous on margins (inner pair), with appressed stellate hairs outer (lower) surface and glabrous inner (upper) surface: **petals** 4,  $(3.3-)7-7.5 \times (1-)4-4.4$  mm.  $\pm$  clawed (poorly defined). claw to 1 mm long, colorless at base, limb oblanceolate somewhat cupped upward, bright yellow, rounded at tip, pinnately veined, glabrous; stamens 6, free, dimorphic, with outer 2 short and inner 4 longer; filaments ascending, (2.6–)4–5 mm long (long stamens) and 1 mm shorter (short stamens) in each flower, yellow but white and somewhat swollen at base; anthers dorsifixed, dithecal, (0.7)1.8–2.1 mm long, yellow, longitudinally dehiscent; pollen pale yellow; nectaries 4 in 2 pairs at bases of short stamens, green; pistil 1, subsessile with minute stalk (stipe) at anthesis < 0.15 mm long; ovary superior, ellipsoid, ca.  $2 \times 1$  mm, glabrous, 2-chambered, each chamber with several ovules; style cylindric, ca. 4 mm long, greenish; stigma capitate, terminal, at level of the long stamens, spheroid, 0.4 mm, green. **Fruit:** siliqua (silicle), dehiscent by 2 valves parallel to septum, (0)1–10-seeded, subspheroid to spheroid, with several seeds ca.  $5.5 \times 4$  mm or with 0 or 1 large seed ca.  $3 \times$ 3 mm, somewhat inflated, septum complete and slightly raised on surface, glabrous; pedicel distinctly sigmoid with bend upward beneath fruit or straight and spreading, 16–20 mm long for sigmoid pedicels and straight pedicels shorter; stipe beneath siliqua < 0.4 mm long. Seed: lens-shaped, 1.2–2 mm across, ca. 0.8 mm thick, brown to reddish, lacking wing, smooth or large seeds minutely textured (domed cells); cotyledons acumbent. A. C. Gibson